KERALA PUBLIC SCHOOLS

HOME ASSIGNMENT (20TH TO 31ST JULY)



CLASS	SUBJECT	TOPIC / CHAPTER	MODULE / ASSIGNMENT	REFERENCE LINKS
V	ENG LANG	Ch – 13 : Articles 20.07.20	ASSIGNMENT Choose the correct article pg-88 (to be done in the book) 1.A/An/ <u>The</u> animals in a/an/the zoo were making a loud noise. 2.Sumedha bought a/an/the orange T-shirt and two white shirts. 3.I am a/an/the Indian, but my friend is a/an/the Sri Lankan. 4.This is a/an/the only time I get to spend with my pet. 5.I have to complete a/an/the urgent task. 6.A/An/ <u>The</u> university has a/an/the large campus. 7.Sringaar is situated in a/an/the beautiful valley. 8.There is a/an/the fruit bowl on a/an/the table. 9.A/ <u>An</u> /The hour ago, Mohit was at a/an/the airport. 10.Tom was declared a/an/the first runner-up.	LINKS https://youtu.be/4iKjf jNvbJw
		22.07.20	Ex-A Place these words/phrases in the correct column. Pg-89 (to be done in book)	

24.7.20	Article a a one rupee coin a beautiful butterfly a unit a European tour a lamp Article an an open letter an unfortunate event an igloo an apricot an encyclopaedia	
27.7.20	Article the the Amazon the Vindhyas the Victoria Memorial the Nile the Prime Minister Omission of article Mt Kilimanjaro Europe hope air Mumbai	

29.07.20	Ex B Fill in the blanks with a, an or the. Put a cross if the blank doesn't need any article. (to be done in the notebook)	
	1. <u>The</u> longest mountain range in the world are the Andes.	
	2.Have you been to the Qutub Minar?	
	3. \underline{X} Asia is the world's largest continent.	
	4. My sister works in <u>an</u> office. She takes <u>a</u> packed lunch with her every day.	
	5.Salil ate <u>a</u> lot last night. So, he had to take <u>a</u> walk.	
	6.I want to go out for <u>an</u> hour.	
	7.Too much \underline{x} sugar is bad for health.	
	8. Mother bought me \underline{a} uniform to wear to school.	
	9.'Can you bring <u>a</u> box of sweets for me?	
	10. <u>The</u> sandwiches that Heena bought were stale.	
31.7.20	Ex C Correct the errors in the use of articles and rewrite these sentences. Pg-90 (to be done in the notebook)	
	1.We should not judge the book by its cover.	
	Ans:- We should not judge a book by its cover.	
	2.A pilot flew low over the hills.	
	Ans:-The pilot flew low over the hills.	
	3.My neighbour purchased an European car recently.	
	Ans-My neighbour purchased a European car recently.	

4.I want to build an purple house with a orange roof.	
Ans- I want to build a purple house with an orange roof.	
5 The Australia is the continent in a southern Hemisphere.	
Ans-Australia is a continent in the southern Hemisphere.	
7 mis 7 distrand is a continent in the southern riemsphere.	
C A Titorio conly on its maiden voyage	
6.A Titanic sank on its maiden voyage.	
Ans-The Titanic sank on its maiden voyage.	
7.Honesty is an best policy.	
Ans:-Honesty is the best policy.	
8. There was once the dragon. A dragon was very friendly.	
Ans:- There was once a dragon. The dragon was very friendly.	
This. There was once a dragon. The dragon was very mendry.	
9. The sugar can cause tooth decay.	
Ans;- Sugar can cause tooth decay.	
10.A longest river in the city had the canal and a open pond connected to it.	
Ans:- The longest river in the city had a canal and an open pond connected to it.	
Ex D	
Complete these sentences with a., an or the. Put a cross where an article is not necessary.	
Pg-90	
(to be done in the book)	
Two sparrows, <u>a</u> husband and <u>a</u> wife, built <u>a</u> nest on <u>a</u> banyan tree where <u>the</u> female sparrow had	
laid <u>x</u> eggs. One afternoon, a wild elephant came to the tree to seek shelter from <u>the</u> sun. But,	
unable to bear <u>the</u> heat, <u>the</u> tusker suddenly went berserk and snapped off <u>a</u> big branch of <u>the</u>	
tree, crushing the sparrow eggs in the nest. The sparrow escaped the elephant's fury but the wife	
began crying for her eggs.	
<u>A</u> woodpecker, <u>a</u> close friend of <u>the</u> sparrows, heard her crying and asked her, 'Why are you	
crying my friend? \underline{X} wise men do not grieve for what is lost or what is in <u>the</u> past. That is the	
difference between <u>a</u> learned person and <u>an</u> unwise one'.	

ENG LIT	Razia,	NB: All the answers have to be written in the notebook. Copy the questions too.	
	the		
	Tigress(1. Quote from memory:	
	Poem)		
	(Practic	The tigress Razia	
	e	been named	
	workshe	Sheru	
	ets)	a shame !	
	21.7.2020	II. Give one word answer:	
		1. calm and quiet –	
		2. gave a particular name -	
		3. travelled across –	
		4. drew air through the nose -	
		5. greatly feared –	
		III. Answer the following questions :	
		1. How old are Razia's cubs?	
		2. Why does Razia live alone?	
	23.7.20	3. What was Sheru expert in?	
		4. How did Sheru fool the deer from getting his tiger scent?	
		5. What started competing in Razia's heart?	
		IV. Make sentences with :	
		1. expert –	
		2. hound –	
		3. barely -	
		A new one:	
		Answers:	
		1. Quote from memory:	
		The tigress Razia lives alone.	
		Her two cubs haven't yet been named	

Sheru barely played with them	
And now he's gone, O what a shame !	
This now he s gone, o what a bhanne .	
II. Give one word answer:	
1. still	
2. dubbed	
3. traversed	
4. sniffed	
5. dreaded	
III. Answer the following questions :	
A.1. Razia's cubs are new-borns.	
A.2.Razia lives alone because her mate ,Sheru has left her.	
A.3.Sheru was an expert in knowing how the winds travelled across the valleys and hills.	
A.4.Sheru would belly-crawl and crouch and take a long circular route to fool the deer from	
getting his tiger scent.	
A.5.Grief and fear started competing in Razia's heart.	
IV. Make sentences with :	
1. expert – Lisa is an expert in training animals.	
2. hound –The reporters always hound that actor for a scoop.	
3. barely – He barely escaped being pawed by the dog.	
Practice Worksheet-2	
I.Quote from memory:	
Sharra was an	
Sheru was an and hill	
And where was still .	
was still .	

28.7.20	II. Give opposites of :	
	1. grief x	
	6. alone x	
	7. expert x	
	8. appear x	
	9. barely x	
	III. Reference to context :	
	He knew his winds, their traffic lanes!	
	He knew the deer would smell him out,	
	If they were down-wind.	ľ
	So he would belly-crawl and crouch	
	1. Who is 'he'? Who is talking about him ?	
30.7.20	2. What has happened to him ?	
500020		ľ
	IV. Make sentences with :	
	4. traversed –	
	5. dreaded –	
	6. grief -	
	Answers:	I
	10. Quote from memory:	
	Sheru was an expert on winds,	
	Knew how they traversed dale and hill	
	And where they put up for the night	
	When no leaf stirred and all was still.	
	II. Cive enpegites of .	
	II. Give opposites of :	
	1. joy	
	11. together	
	12. inexpert	

		13. disappear 14. fully	
		III. Reference to context :	
		A.1. Here Sheru is being referred to as 'he'. The speaker or the poet is talking about him.	
		A.2. He has been hunted by the poachers.	
		 IV. Make sentences with : 7. traversed – The streets they had just traversed were deserted. 8. dreaded – She dreaded delivering a speech in front of the audience. 9. grief – He took pains to help the child overcome his grief. 	
HINDI LANG	अपठित गदयांश 20.7.20	निम्नलिखित गदयांश को पढ़कर नीचे लिखे प्रश्नों के उत्तर दें- टेलीविज़न दूर-दूर के दृश्यों को हमारे सामने पेश करता है,इसलिए ही इसका नाम 'दूरदर्शन' पड़ा। टेलीविज़न मनोरंजन का एक खजाना है। इस पर तरह-तरह के कार्यक्रमदिखाएजातेहैं।क्रिकेटफुटबाल ओर तरह-तरह के खेल –चाहे कहीं भी खेले जा रहे हो,उन्हें हम टेलीविज़न पर घर बैठे ही देख सकते हैं।नृत्य,नाटक सीरियल ,फिल्में,कवि-सम्मेलन,मुशायरे आदि अनेक कार्यक्रम टेलीविज़न पर दिखाए जाते हैं।टेलीविज़न पर विविध विषयों से संबन्धित चर्चा होती हैं।इनके माध्यम से हमें अनेक जानकारीमिलती हैं।टेलीविज़न पर भोजन बनाने की अनेक विधियाँ ओर हस्तकला की वस्तुएँ बनाने के तरीके भी बताए जाते	
	22.7.20	हैं 1.इन प्रश्नों के उत्तर दें :- क] गदयांश में प्रयुक्त दो संज्ञा शब्द लिखें :- ख] खजाना ओर नृत्य का शब्दार्थ लिखें:- ग] मनोरंजन का खजाना क्या है? घ] टेलीविज़न पर हम क्या देख सकते है? ड 0] टेलीविज़न का नाम 'दूरदर्शन'कैसे पड़ा? च] टेलीविज़न के क्या फायदे हैं? छ] गदयांश के लिए एक उचित शीर्षक लिखें-	

24.7.20	<u>2.विलोम शब्द लिखें :-</u> का यह खा यही	
27.7.20	ग] तेरा घ] इसका डo]जिसने च] अपना छ]कोमल ज] स्वतंत्र झ] शहरी ट] उथला ठ] बुद्धिमान ड] ज्यादा ढ] खूबसूरत ण] ताजा	
29.7.20	3.पर्यायवाची शब्द लिखे:- क] फूल ख] पत्थर ग] कमल घ] प्रकाश डo] समुद्र च]मानव छ] माँ ज] पिता झ]अध्यापक ट] राजा ठ] महिला ड] भाई ढ] बहन ण] पुत्र	
31.7.20	4.श्रुतिसम भिन्नार्थक शब्द के अर्थ लिखें :- क] अवधी ख] कपट अवधि कपाट ग] काठ घ] कोष काट कोश डo] गुर गुरु I.क]क्रिकेट, फुटबाल ख] संचित धनराशि , नाच ग] टेलीविज़न मनोरंजन का खजाना है। घ] टेलीविज़न पर हम क्रिकेट, फुटबाल आदि खेलकूद के कार्यक्रम,नृत्य, सीरियल, फिल्में, कवि- सम्मलेन, मुशायरे, भोजन बनाने की विधियाँ , हस्तकला की वस्तुएँ बनाने के तरीके आदि बहुत कुछ देख सकते हैं। डo] टेलीविज़न दूर-दूर के दृश्यों को हमारे पास प्रकट करता है, इसलिए इसका नाम दूरदर्शन पड़ा	

च फ़ुल्बाल,क्रिकेट और तरह-तरह के खेल - चाहे कहीं भी खेले जा रहे हाँ. उन्हें हम घर बैठे ही टेलीविज़न पर देख सकते हैं। छ। वसा है टेलीविज़न मनोरंजन का सबसे उत्तम साधन है। क्रिकेट-क्रिकेट में सचिन ने आज 1000 रन पूरे किए। 2.क] वह ख] वही ग]मेरा घ] उसका ढ0:उसने च] पराया छ) कठोर जा परतंत इ। ग्रामीण ट] गहरा ठ) मूर्ख ड] कम ढ] बदसूरत ण] बासी 3.क] पुष्प, सुमन ख] पाधर शिला ग] जलज, पंकज घ] आभा रोशनी ढ0:हागर, उदयि च] नर, आदमी छ माता, जननी ज] जनक, तात छ गुरु, शिक्षक ट] नरेश, समाट ठ] औरत, नारी ड] भेया, समोट ठ] औरत, नारी ड] भेया, समोट ठ] औरत, नारी छ] भाता, खित्र या जा बेटा, सुत 4.क] समय-सीमा ख] धोखा अवध प्रदेश की बोली दरवाजा ग] लकड़ी घ] खजाना काटना श्राब्द, भंडार ड0:उपाय बडा.अध्यापक	
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HINDI LIT	हिन्दी साहित्य	अभ्यास कार्य-	
	(21.7.2020)	1.কঠিন शब्द –	
		तेहि दसानन	
		गयुऊ भूयुऊ	
		बरनि रुचिर	
		कृपाला सत्यसंघ	
		वैदेही रघुपति	
		हरषि लक्ष्मनहि	
		निसिचर	
		2.शब्दार्थ -	
		शब्द अर्थ	
	(23.7.2020)	तेहि उस	
		गयऊ पहुँचा बरनि वर्णन	
		बर्नि वर्णन	
		रचित् बनाया	
		सुमनोहर अत्यंत सुन्दर	
		सत्यसंघ सत्य प्रतिज्ञ	
		दसानन रावण भयऊ बन गया	
		कनक सोना	
		रुचिर सुन्दर	
		बधि मारकर	
		निसिचर राक्षस	
		शेष शब्दार्थ पुस्तक से पढ़े 	
		3. एक वाक्य में उत्तर लिखें- क पारीन नथ करिया किया शाषा में नैव	
		क. मारीच बध कविता किस भाषा में है? उठ प्राप्तीन बध कविता अवधी भाषा में है।	
		उ०-मारीच बध कविता अवधी भाषा में है ख.मारीच बध कविता के कवि का क्या नाम है?	
		उ ०-मारीच बंध कविता के कवि तुलसीदास है	
	(28.7.2020)	ग. यह मृग कैसा था?	

MATHS	(30.7.2020) 20.7.2020 21.7.2020	उ०-श्रीराम मृग की असलियत जानते थे वे सीता की इच्छा को पूरा करने और राक्षस का बध करने के लिए च दिए। ग.लक्ष्मण ने श्रीराम को क्या बात समझाई? उ०- लक्ष्मण ने श्रीराम को यह बात समझाई की कोशिश की इस वन में अनेक प्रकार के राक्षस घूमते हैं अतः पीछे से सावधान रहना। घ.कि से सत्यसंघ कहा गया और क्यों? उ०- सत्यसंघ श्रीराम को कहा गया है क्योंकि वे सत्य प्रतिज्ञ थे। वाक्य बनाएँ- निकट ,विचित्र,मृग, कपट (छात्र स्वयं वाक्य बनाएँ) नोट:-उपरोक्त कार्य अपनी अभ्यास पुस्तिका [नोट बुक] में लिखें। EX 14 – a (1,2,3) EX 14 – a (4,5,6)	https://youtu.be/g_Jm9 JK4WUM https://youtu.be/wMW
		उ०-यह मृग कपटी और सुन्दर था। घ.कविता में मृग को कपट मृग क्यों कहा गया है? उ०-क्योंकि वह वास्तविक मृग न हो कर धोखे (कपट) से बना मृग था। ड.सीता जी ने श्री राम से किस वास्तु की इच्छा प्रकट की? उ०- सीता जी ने श्रीराम से मृग की छाल की इच्छा प्रकट की। च.वैदेही कौन थी? उ०- वैदेही सीता जी थी। छ.दसानन किसे कहते हैं? उ०- दसानन रावण को कहते हैं। 4.बड़े प्रश्नोत्तर – क.मारीच बध कविता 'रामचरित मानस' के किस काण्ड से ली गयी है? उ०-मारीच बध कविता 'रामचरित मानस' के किस काण्ड'से ली गयी है। ख.श्रीराम सब कारण जानते हुए भी हिरण को मारने के लिए क्यों चले गए?	

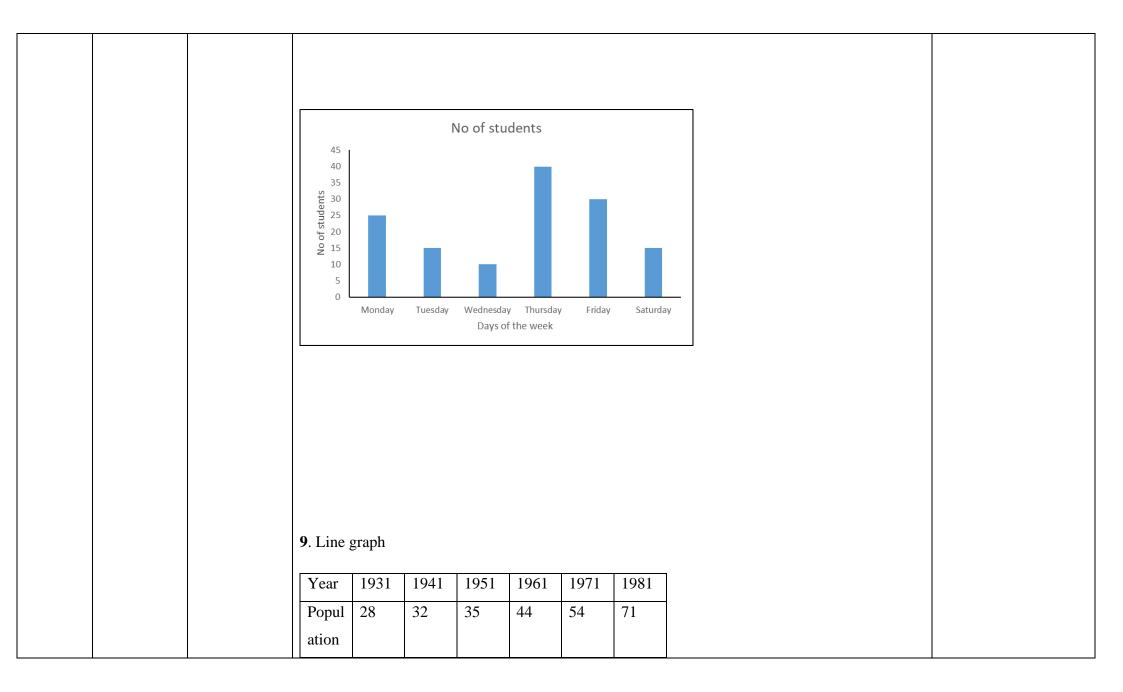
 22 7 2020		
23.7.2020	EX 14 – a (10) Ex 14 – b (1)	
24.7.2020	EX 14 – b (2,3)	
25.7.2020	Worksheet (1,2,3)	
Revision	1) Arrange the numbers in ascending order.	
27.7.2020	3,20,602 ; 1,15,515 ; 4,16,518 ; 42,034; 7,08,936 ; 3,18,008	
	2) Arrange the numbers in descending order.	
	3,31,018 ; 4,19,520 ; 1,17,236 ; 3, 02, 520	
	3) Write the Roman numeral	
	a) 25 b) 12 c) 31 d) 16	
	4) Write the Hindu numeral for the Roman numbers .	
	a) XXVII b) XIX c) XXXV	
	5) Mr Raj earned ₹ 10,615 in one year and ₹ 12,860 in the second year. How much more money	
	did he earn in the second year ?	
29.7.20	6) What number should be added to 7540 to get 9876?	
28.7.20	7) Multiply : 7843 x 38	
	8) Fill in the blanks.	
	a) $2378 \times 100 =$	
	b) $500 \ge 300 = 300$	
	c) $300 \div 3 = $	
29.7.20	d) $135 \div 5 =$	
29.1.20	e) $729 \div 9 = $	
	f) $380 \times 50 =$	

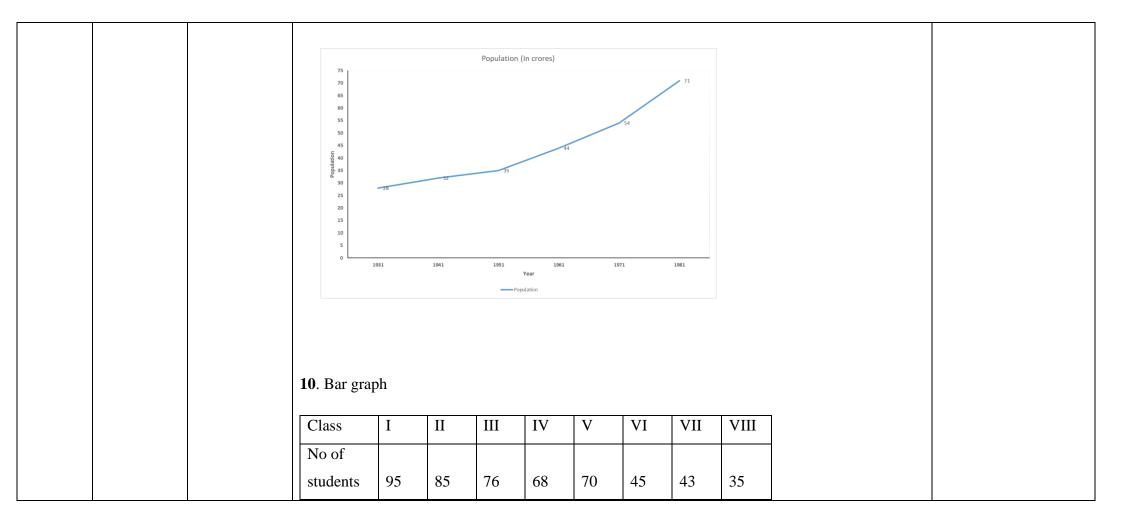
	g) In 87, 326is in thousands place.
	h) The successor of the greatest 4 digit number is
	i) The place value of 3 in 7,36,428is
	j) $60,000 + 2000 + 700 + 30 + 5 =$
	9) Find the greatest 5 digit number exactly divisible by 25
	10) Find the H. C. F : 20 and 35
	11) Find all the factors of
	a) 36 b) 54
	12)Identify the like fractions .
30.7.20	3124
	5358
	13) Solve :
	a) $\frac{96}{11}$ as mixed fraction b) 18.25 as fraction.
	14) Add and convert into m.
	185 cm + 230 cm
	15) Change into cm.
31.7.20	48 m 15 cm
51.7.20	16) a) Convert 165 days into hours.
	b) Convert 45 minutes 15 seconds into seconds.
	17) Find the perimeter of the given figures.
	a) 4 cm
	1 cm
	2cm

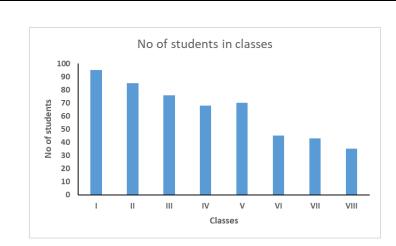
	4 cm 1 cm	
1.8.20	4cm	
1.0.20	b)	
	5 cm m	
	4cm	
	18) Find the perimeter of a square whose side is 12 cm.	
	19) Solve :	
	a) km m	
	612 31	
	<u>- 436 07</u>	
	b) L ml	
	185 26	
	<u>- 123 17</u>	
	20)Multiply 187 m 30 cm by 5	
MATHS	Ex 14 -a	
ANSWERS	1 .(i) Strength of the class on Monday = 40	
	(ii) The number of students was maximum on Wednesday.	
	(iii)Students present on Tuesday. = 35	

	(iv) Only 20 students were present on Thursday.	
	(v) Average number of students present on all the five days	
	$= (40 + 35 + 45 + 20 + 40) \div 5 = 36$	
	2. (i) Average marks = $(65 + 75 + 98 + 90 + 80) \div 5 = 81.6$	
	(ii) The marks were higher than the average in 2 subjects.	
	(iii) The marks were lower than the average in Hindi, English and Social Studies.	
	3 . (i) 10 litres.	
	(ii) Kamli.	
	(iii) Average quantity of milk = $(10 + 16 + 12 + 6) \div 4 = 44 \div 4 = 11$ litres	
	4. (i) Runs scored in second over = 8 runs	
	(ii) No of overs in which no runs were scored = 1 over	
	(iii) Total number of runs = $5+8+0+4+6+1 = 24$ runs	
	(iv)Average runs = $24 \div 6 = 4$ runs	
	5. Marks obtained in each subject :	
	(a) English = 60 Hindi = 70 Science = 50 Maths = 90 Social science = 80	
	French = 50 Computer = 100 G.K = 30	

	(b) He g	ot maxii	num ma	rks in C	omputer	Science	2.		
	(c) He h	as to im	prove m	aximum	in G.K				
	(d) Aver	age mar	·ks = (60	+70+5	0 + 90+	80+ 50 -	+ 100+ 3	$(30) \div 8 = 530 \div 8$	
	= 66.25	marks							
	(e) Aggr	regate pe	ndi						
	= (90 +	60 + 50	+ 70) ÷ 4	4 = 270	÷ 4 = 67	.5 %			
			shows t	he differ	ent num	ber of sl	noe sizes	s used by students of classes VI to X in	
	a school								
	(b) Diffe	erent size	es of sho	bes = 4, 3	5, 6,7,8,9	9			
	(c) Nun	nber of s	tudents	wearing	shoes of	f size no	6 = 400	students	
	(d) Size	of shoe	worn by	minimu	ım numt	per of st	udents =	size 5	
	(e) Total	l strengt	h = 250	+ 150 +	400 + 50	00 + 350) + 300 =	= 1950 students	
	8 . Bar g	graph							
	Days	Mon	Tues	Wed	Thurs	Frida	Satur		
		day	day	nesda	day	У	day		
				У					
	No of								
	stude	25	15	10	40	30	15		
	nts								







EX 14 – b

1(a) (i) Most popular activity is Music

(ii) Dance

(iii) Least popular activity is Art

b (i) Favourite pastime is video games

(ii) Students like reading least.

(iii) Students prefer outdoor games

2.(a) Most preferred mode of transport is Walk.	
(b) Second preferred mode of transport is Cycle	
(c) Walk< Cycle< Scooter< Car< School Bus	
3. (a) Red colour balloon is least in quantity	
(b) Green colour balloon is more in quantity.	
Worksheet	
1. (a) Indians present in summit = 500	
(b) America	
(c) India	
(d) China and Japan have same number of representatives	
(e) The total no of people in summit = $500+300+300+200 = 1300$	
2. (a) No of peopletook part in survey = 100+40+ 80+140+60+100 = 520	
(b) No of people who liked peaches $= 140$	
(c) Percentage of people who like grapes = $\frac{100}{520}$ x 100 = 19.23 %	
520	
3 . (a) Total expenditure = ₹ 300 + ₹ 450 +₹ 350+ ₹ 180 = ₹ 1280	
 (b) No of people who liked peaches = 140 (c) Percentage of people who like grapes = ¹⁰⁰/₅₂₀ x 100 = 19.23 % 3. (a) Total expenditure = ₹ 300 + ₹ 450 +₹ 350 + ₹ 180 = ₹ 1280 (b) Item on which maximum spent = Rent 	

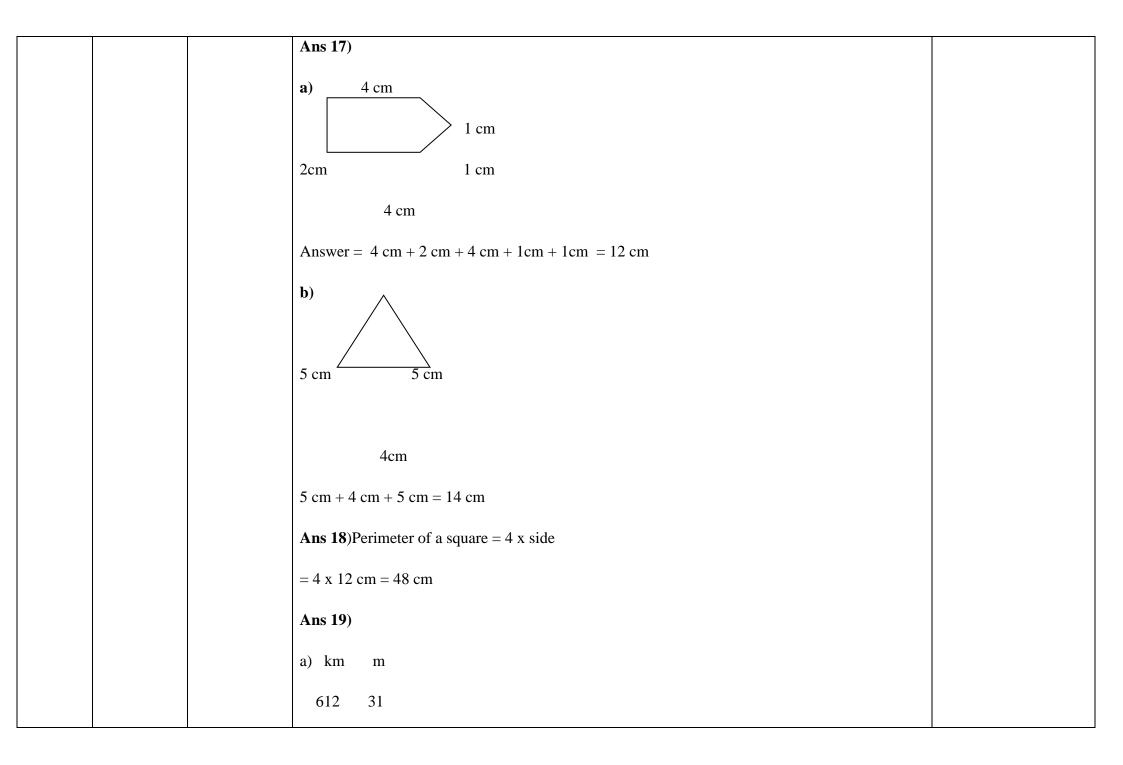
(c) Weekly income = Expenditure + Savings	
= ₹ 1280 + ₹ 220 = ₹ 1500	
Ans 1) 42, 034 < 1,15, 515 < 3,18,008 < 3,20,602 < 4,16,518 < 7,08,936	
Ans 2) 4,19,520 > 3,31,018 > 3, 02, 520 > 1,17,236	
Ans 3 (a) $25 = XXV$ (b) $12 = XII$ (c) $31 = XXXI$ (d) $16 = XVI$	
Ans 4) a) XXVII = 27 b) XIX = 19 c) XXXV = 35	
Ans 5) Money earned in the second year = ₹ 12,860	
Money earned in the first year = ₹10,615	
Amount earned more = ₹ 12,860	
- <u>₹ 10,615</u>	
₹2245	
Ans 6) Sum = 9876	
Number given = 7540	
: number to be added = $9876 - 7540 = 2336$	

	Ans 7)7843	
	<u>X 38</u>	
	62744	
	<u>23529x</u>	
	<u>298034</u>	
	8) Fill in the blanks .	
	a) $2378 \times 100 = \underline{237800}$	
	b) $500 \ge 300 = 150,000$	
	c) $300 \div 3 = \underline{100}$	
	d) $135 \div 5 = \underline{27}$	
	e) $729 \div 9 = \underline{81}$	
	f) $380 \ge 50 = 19000$	
	g) In 87, 326 <u>7</u> is in thousands place	
	h) The successor of the greatest 4 digit number is <u>10,000</u>	
	i) The place value of 3 in 7,36,428 is <u>30,000</u>	
	j) $60,000 + 2000 + 700 + 30 + 5 = \underline{62,735}$	

Ans 9)					
2 5						(
)	9	9	9	9	9	
-	7	5				
	2	4	9			
	-					
	2	2	5			
		2	4	9		
		-				
		2	2	5		
			2	4	9	
			-			
			2	2	5	
				2	4	
Since	the re	emai	nder	is 2	4 , th	e number
∴ 99, <u>9</u>	999 –	- 24 =	= 99,	,975	(An	swer)

	Ans 10)	
	2	
	0 (
) 351	
	- 2 0	
	5 (
	1) 201	
	- 1 5	
	5 1 (
) 5 3	
	1	
	0	
	H.C.F = 5	
	Ans 11 a) $1 \ge 36 = 362 \ge 18 = 363 \ge 12 = 36$	
	$4 \ge 9 = 366 \ge 6 = 369 \ge 4 = 36$	
	Factors = (1, 2, 3,4, 6, 9, 12, 18, 36)	
	Ans11 b) 1 x 54 = 54 2 x 27 = 54 3 x 18 = 54 6 x 9 = 54	
	Factors = (1,2, 3, 6, 9,18, 27,54)	

Ans 12)	
$\frac{3}{5}\frac{1}{3}\frac{2}{5}\frac{4}{8}$	
Like fractions are $\frac{3}{5}$ and $\frac{2}{5}$.	
Ans 13)a) $\frac{96}{11} = 8 \frac{8}{11}$ b) 18.25 as fraction. = $\frac{1825}{100}$	
Ans 14) 185 cm + 230 cm	
= 415 cm	
= 4 .15 m	
Ans 15) 48 m 15 cm	
= 48 m + 15 cm	
=4800 + 15 cm = 4815 cm	
Ans 16 a)1 day = 24 hours	
\therefore 165 days = 165 x 24 hours = 3960 hours	
Ans 16 b) 45 minutes + 15 seconds	
$= 1 \min = 60 \operatorname{sec}$	
= (45 x 60) + 15 sec	
= 2700 sec + 15 sec = 2715 seconds	



		<u>- 436 07</u>	
		<u>176 24</u> Ans = 176 km 24 m	
		b) L ml	
		185 26	
		<u>- 123 17</u>	
		$\underline{6209}$ Ans = 62 L 09 ml	
		Ans 20) Multiply 187 m 30 cm by 5	
		M cm	
		187 30	
		<u>X 5</u>	
		<u>936 50 Ans</u> = 936 M 50 cm	
SCIENCE	Ch – 8 :	REVISION ASSIGNMENT	
	Sound and Noise	I. <u>Fill in the blanks</u> :	<u>https://youtu.be/g</u> <u>dGyvGPZ1G0</u>
	20.7.20	 a) is something that produces the sensation of hearing in our ears. b) is a melodious sound that creates a pleasant sensation to the ears. 	

	c) is a sound which is not pleasing to the ears.	
	 d) is a sound which is not preasing to the environment by loud and harsh 	
	sounds from various sources.	
	e)is a vehicle that gives warning sound.	
	f) The sound of a chirping bird is an example ofsound.	
	g) All bodies produce sound.	
	h) Noise pollution has several effects.	
	i) devices must be installed in aircrafts.	
	j) Plant trees as they absorb	
	3) - 1 mile di C OS das milej di SSOLO <u></u> .	
	2) <u>Define</u> :	
22.7.20	a) Sound –	
	b) Noise –	
	c) Music –	
	d) Noise Pollution –	
	3) <u>Answer the following questions</u> :	
25.7.20	a) What is noise pollution ?	
	b) List the effects of noise pollution.	
	c) List the causes of noise pollution.	
	d) How can noise pollution be reduced ?	
	<u>27.7.20 to 1.8.20</u>	
	4) Distinguish between :	
	a) Pleasant and Unpleasant sounds	https://youtu.be/K
27.7.20	Noise and Music	kzSyAJ4rk4
	5) Give two examples of each :	
	a) Pleasant sound,	
29.7.20	b) Unpleasant sound –	
	c) Musical instrument –,	
	d) Effects of noise pollution on health –,,	
	6) <u>Give reasons</u> :	
	a) We should avoid listening to music using ear phones or headphones for long hours	
	daily.	

	b) People working in noisy factories should wear ear plugs.	
1.0.20	Answer key :	
1.8.20	1) Fill in the blanks :	
	a) <u>Sound</u> is something that produces the sensation of hearing in our ears.	
	b) <u>Music</u> is a melodious sound that creates a pleasant sensation to the ears.	
	c) <u>Noise</u> is a sound which is not pleasing to the ears.	
	d) <u>Noise pollution</u> is the disturbance produced in the environment by loud and harsh	
	sounds from various sources.	
	e) <u>Ambulance</u> is a vehicle that gives warning sound.	
	f) The sound of a chirping bird is an example of <u>pleasant</u> sound.	
	g) All <u>vibrating</u> bodies produce sound.	
	h) Noise pollution has several <u>harmful</u> effects.	
	i) <u>Silencing</u> devices must be installed in aircrafts.	
	j) Plant trees as they absorb <u>sound.</u>	
	2) Define :	
	a) Sound –Something that produces the sensation of hearing in our ears.	
	b) Noise – A sound which is not pleasing to the ears.	
	c) Music – A melodious sound that creates a pleasant sensation to the ears.	
	d) Noise Pollution – The disturbance produced in the environment by loud and harsh	
	sound from various sources.	
	e)	
	3) Answer the following questions :	
	a) What is noise pollution ?	
	Ans Noise pollution is the disturbance produced in the environment by loud and	
	harsh sound from various sources.	
	b) List the effects of noise pollution.	
	Ans The effects of noise pollution are –	
	 i) It distracts people and reduces concentration 	
	ii) It causes temporary or permanent deafness in people.	
	iii) It causes short temperedness and increases blood pressure.	
	c) List the causes of noise pollution.	
	Ans The causes of noise pollution are –	

	TT - 1 1	ii) The loud and harsh sound produced
Pleasant sounds	Unpleasant sounds	by the industries.
i) These sounds are	i) These sounds are not	iii) The sound from loudspeakers.
pleasant to the ears.	pleasant to the ears.	
ii) These sounds make us	ii) These sounds causes	
feel relaxed.	annoyance.	
iii) Example – sound of	iii) Example –sound of	
any musical instrument	running machines	
 i) Minimising ii) Installing sile iii)Planting more 4) Distinguish between 	l Unpleasant sounds Iusic	
Noise	Music	
i) A sound which is not	i) A melodious sound	1
pleasing to the ears.	which is pleasing to the	
	ears.	
ii) It causes annoyance	ii) It causes a pleasant	
and pain.	sensation to the ears.	
iii) Example - Sound of home appliances like	iii) Example –Sound of a flute	L

		vacuum cleaners	
		a) or headphones for long hours daily.	
		Ans Listening to music using ear phones or headphones for long hours daily can	
		cause hearing loss, hence, it should be avoided.	
		b) People working in noisy factories should wear ear plugs.	
		Ans Listening to loud noise for a longtime can cause temporary or permanent	
		deafness, hence, people working in noisy factories should wear ear plugs.	
SST	Ch - 6 :	NB: Please copy the worksheet in your Social studies notebook and answer it.	
	Indian		https://youtu.be/2jI
	Government	I Answer in one word :	
	21.7.20	a. Groups of people with common beliefsb. The party does not win a majority in the election	
	21.7.20	c. The country is divided into smaller units.	https://youtu.be/crDO
		 d. A person above the age of 25 can context in the elections for 	FqiqXwk
		e. The election forms the government and its leader is elected as	
		II. Fill in the blanks:	
	23.7.20		
		a. The is the head of the country.	
		b. Parliament is also called the	
		c. India has states and union territories.	
		d. All the courts in India come under the system.e. The Central Government operates from	
		e. The Central Government operates from	
		III. Answer the following Questions :	
	25.7.20	Qa. What are the three parts of the Central Government?	
		Qb. What are the three levels at which Indian Government?	
		Qc. Who ensures that laws are properly executed in the state?	
		Qd. How are members of the Rajya Sabha elected?	

		Answer Key:	
		 I Answer in one word : a. Groups of people with common beliefs . Political Parties. b. The party does not win a majority in the election. Opposition c. The country is divided into smaller units. Constituenices. d. A person above the age of 25 can context in the elections for Lok Sabha e. The election forms the government and its leader is elected as Prime Minister. 	
	21.7.20		
		II. Fill in the blanks:	
		 a. The president is the head of the country. b. Parliament is also called the Sansad. c. India has 29 states and 7 union territories. d. All the courts in India come under the judiciary system. e. The Central Government operates from New Delhi. 	
	23.7.20	III. Answer the following Questions :Qa. What are the three parts of the Central Government?Ans. The three parts of Central Government are as follows:-a.Legislativeb. Executive	
	25.7.20	 c. Judiciary Qb.What are the three levels at which Indian government operates? Ans. The three levels at which Indian government operates are :- a.Central Government b. State Government c. Local Governmen 	

28.7.20	t Qc. Who ensures that laws are properly executed in the state? Ans. Governor and Chief Minister ensures that laws are properly executed in the state. Qd. How are members of the Rajya Sabha? Ans. The members of Rajya Sabha are elected by the MLA's or members of the legislative assembly. Revision worksheet 2 I. Write full names of these political parties:- i. AIADMK- ii. CPI- iii. DMK- iv. SP- v. TDP- II. Choose the correct option :- a. What is the minimum age to context for lok Sabha elections? i. 18 ii. 27 iii. 25	
30.7.20	 b. Which is the highest court in India? i. District court ii. High court iii. Supreme court c. How many members are there in Rajya Sabha i. 350 ii. 250 iii. 200 d. MLA's are selected for how many years? i. 7 ii 10 iii. 5 	

28.7.20	Answer Key:	
	Revision worksheet 2	
	I . Write full names of these political parties:-	
	i. AIADMK- All India Anna Dravida Munnetra Kazhagan.	
	ii. CPI- Communist party of India.	
	iii. DMK- Dravida Munnetra Kazhagan	
	iv. SP- Superintendent of Police.	
30.7.20	v. TDP-Telugu Desam Party.	
	II. Choose the correct option :	
	a. What is the minimum age to context for lok Sabha elections?	
	i. 18	
	ii. 27	
	iii. 25	
	b. Which is the highest court in India?	
	i. District court	
	ii. High court	
	iii. Supreme court	
	c. How many members are there in Rajya Sabha	
	i. 350	
	ii. 250	
	iii. 200	
	d. MLA's are selected for how many years?	
	i. 7	
	ii 10	
	iii. 5	

Rlakshm'

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